

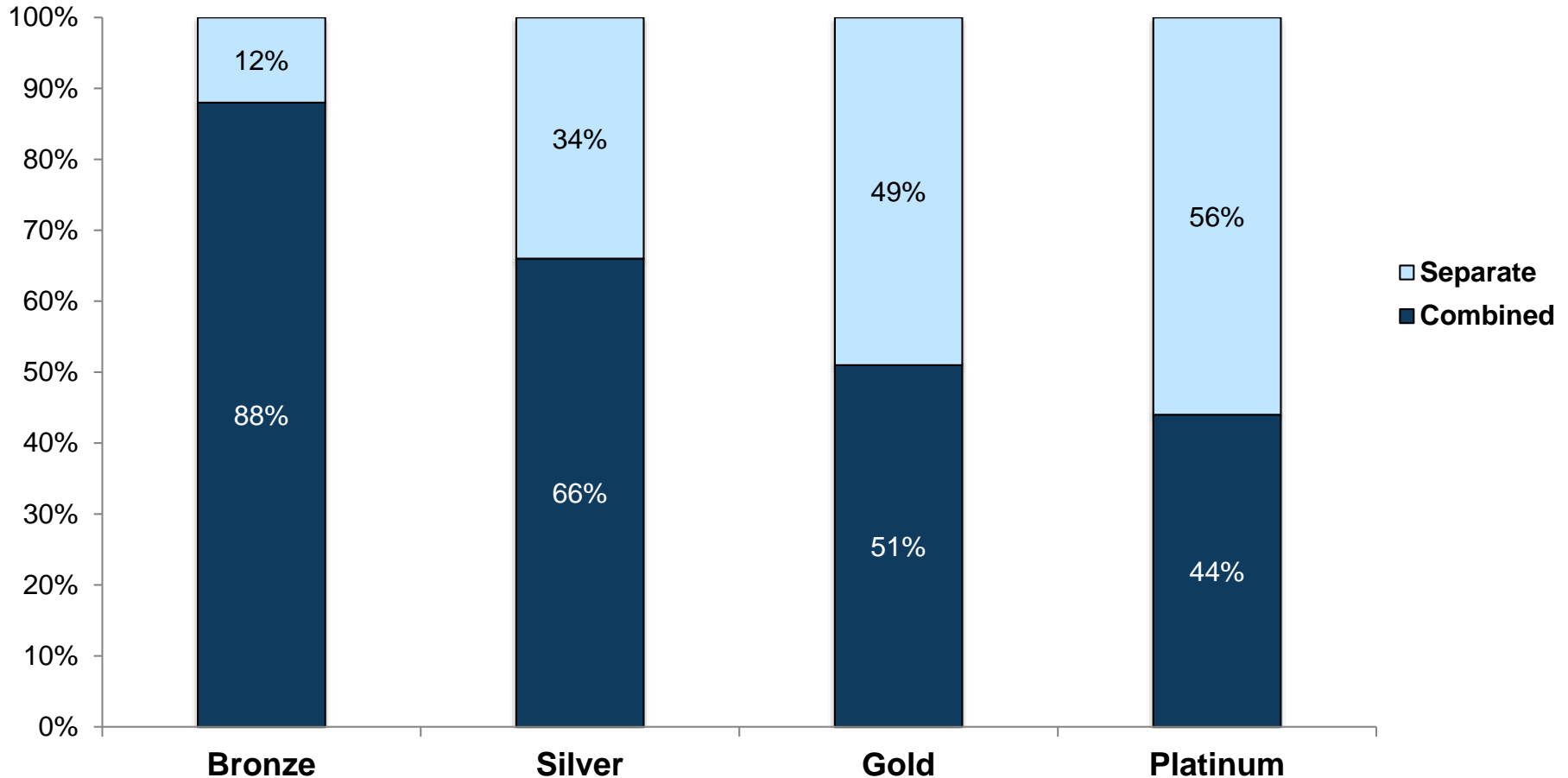
Cost-Sharing for Plans Offered in the Federal Marketplace for 2017



Filling the need for trusted information on national health issues.

Figure 1

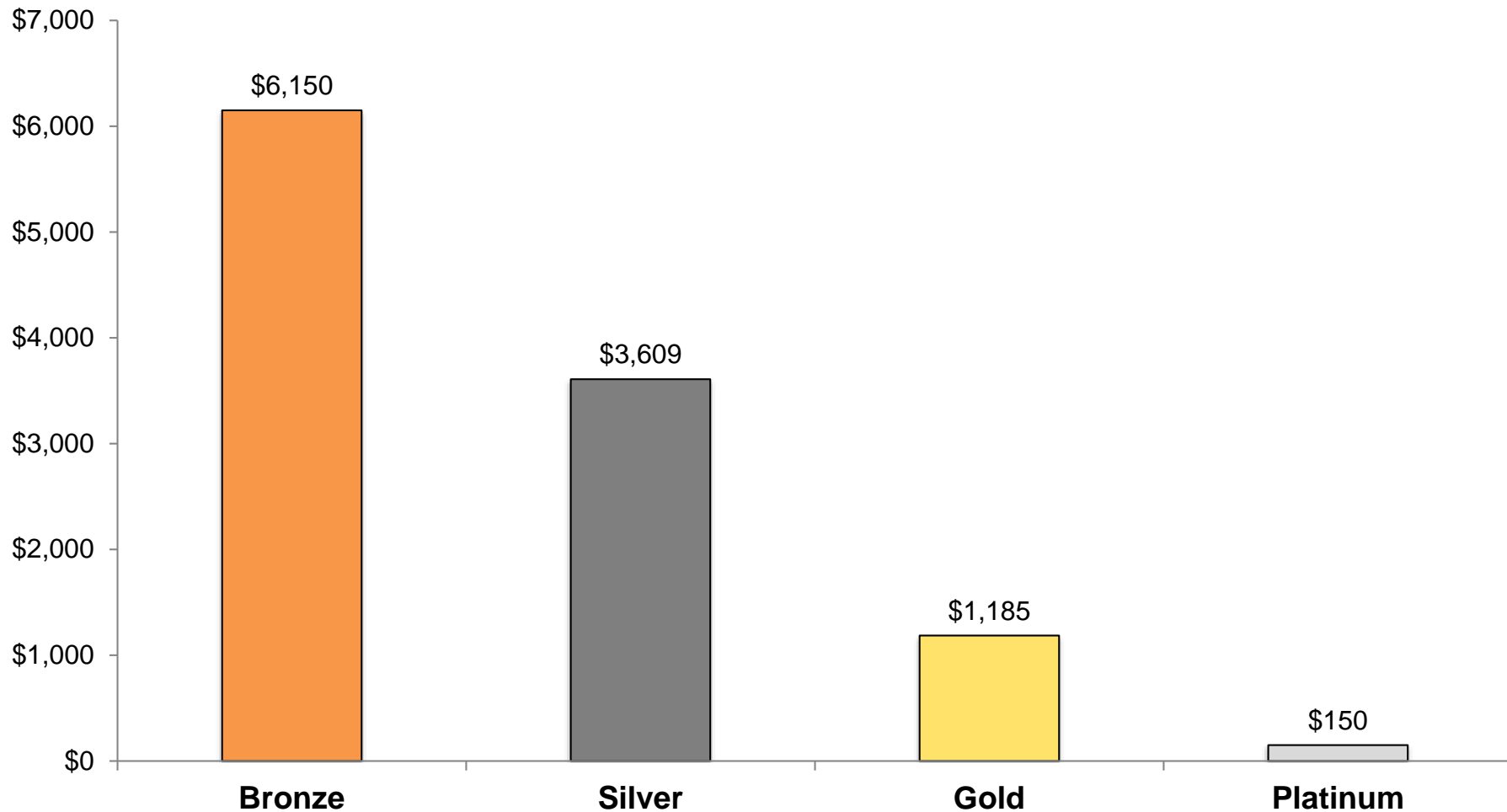
Percent of Plans Where Medical Deductible is Combined with or Separate from the Prescription Drug Deductible (2017)



SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of Marketplace plans in the 39 states with Federally Facilitated or Partnership exchanges in 2017 (including Arkansas, New Mexico, Oregon, Kentucky and Nevada). Data are from Healthcare.gov. Health plan information for individuals and families available here: <https://www.healthcare.gov/health-plan-information-2017/>

Figure 2

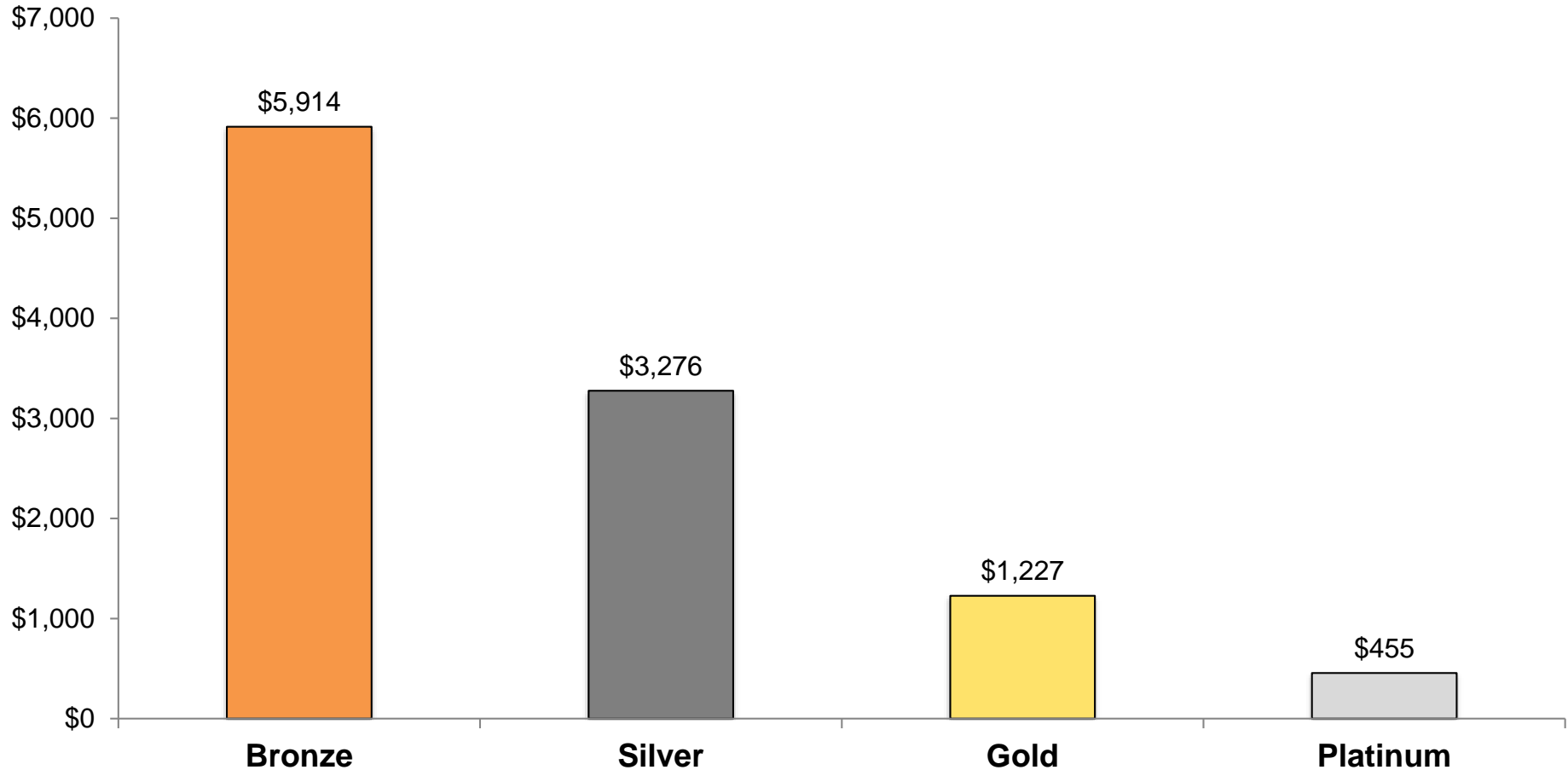
Average Medical Deductible, in Plans with Combined Medical and Prescription Drug Deductibles (2017)



SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of Marketplace plans in the 39 states with Federally Facilitated or Partnership exchanges in 2017 (including Arkansas, New Mexico, Oregon, Kentucky and Nevada). Data are from Healthcare.gov. Health plan information for individuals and families available here: <https://www.healthcare.gov/health-plan-information-2017/>

Figure 3

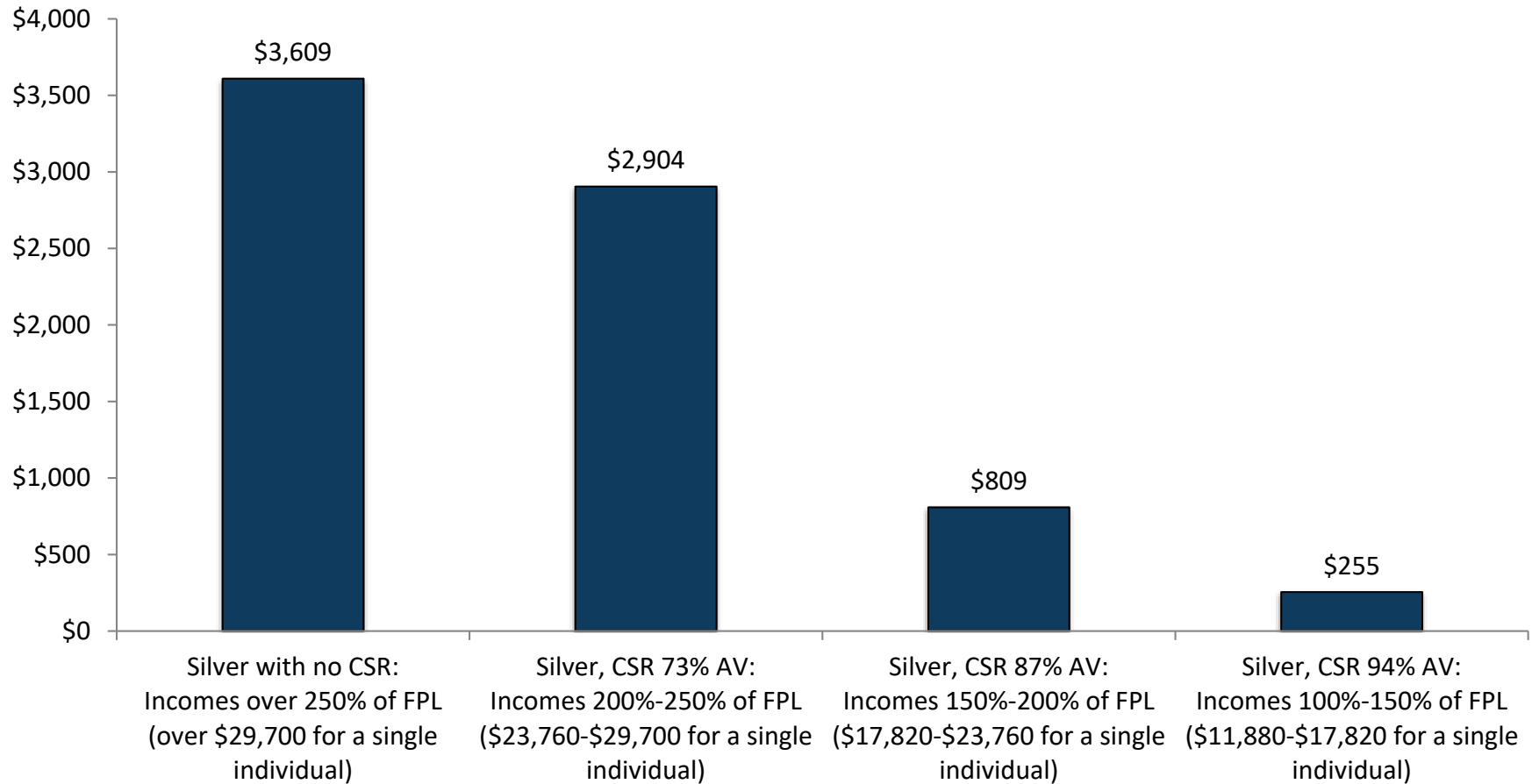
Average Medical Deductible In Plans with Separate Medical and Prescription Drug Deductibles (2017)



SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of Marketplace plans in the 39 states with Federally Facilitated or Partnership exchanges in 2017 (including Arkansas, New Mexico, Oregon, Kentucky and Nevada). Data are from Healthcare.gov. Health plan information for individuals and families available here: <https://www.healthcare.gov/health-plan-information-2017/>

Figure 4

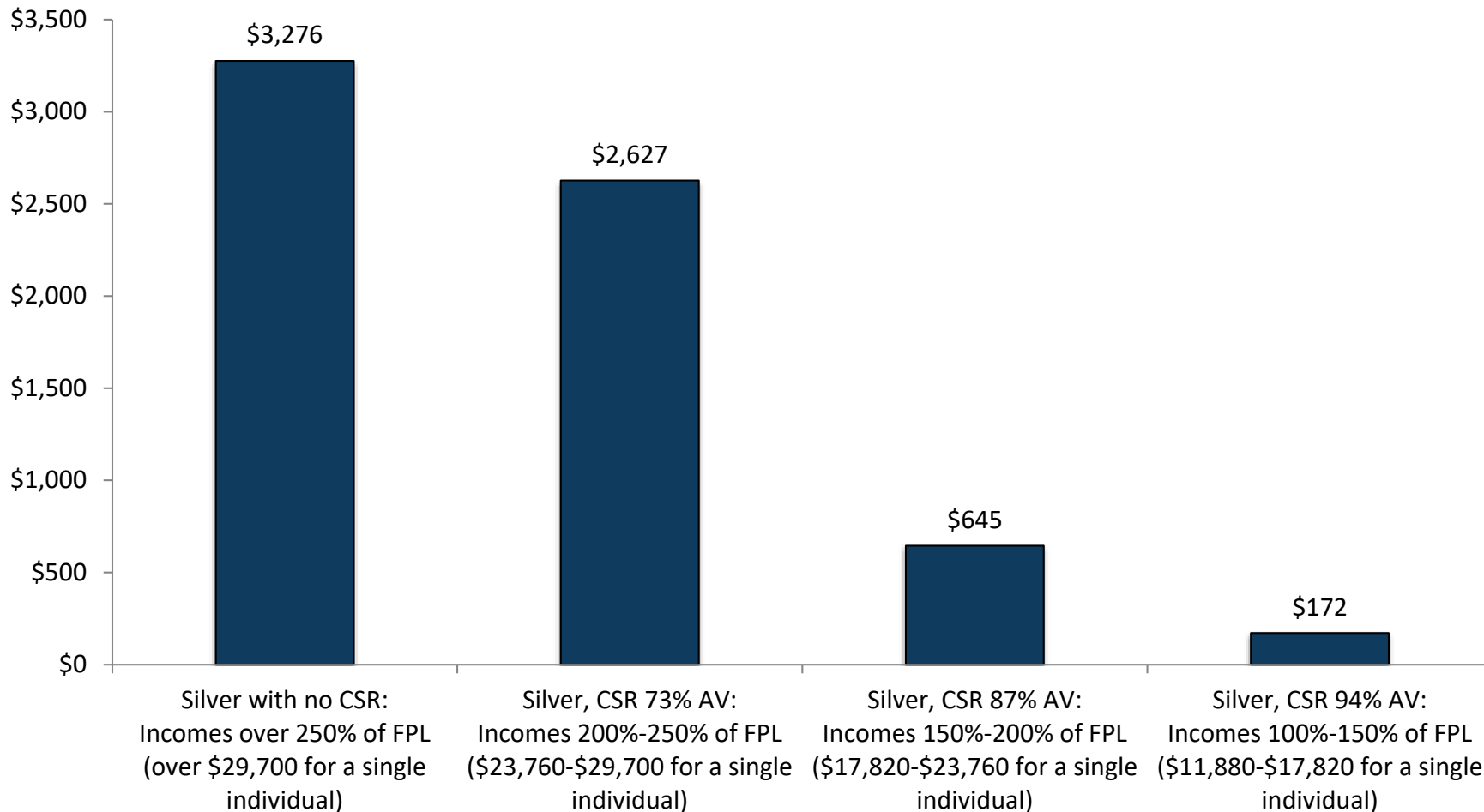
Average Medical Deductible In Plans with Combined Medical and Prescription Drug Deductible (2017)



SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of Marketplace plans in the 39 states with Federally Facilitated or Partnership exchanges in 2017 (including Arkansas, New Mexico, Oregon, Kentucky and Nevada). Data are from Healthcare.gov. Health plan information for individuals and families available here: <https://www.healthcare.gov/health-plan-information-2017/>. FPL refers to Federal Poverty Level. CSR refers to Cost-Sharing Reduction. AV refers to Actuarial Value. Income cut-offs are poverty thresholds for a household of one.

Figure 5

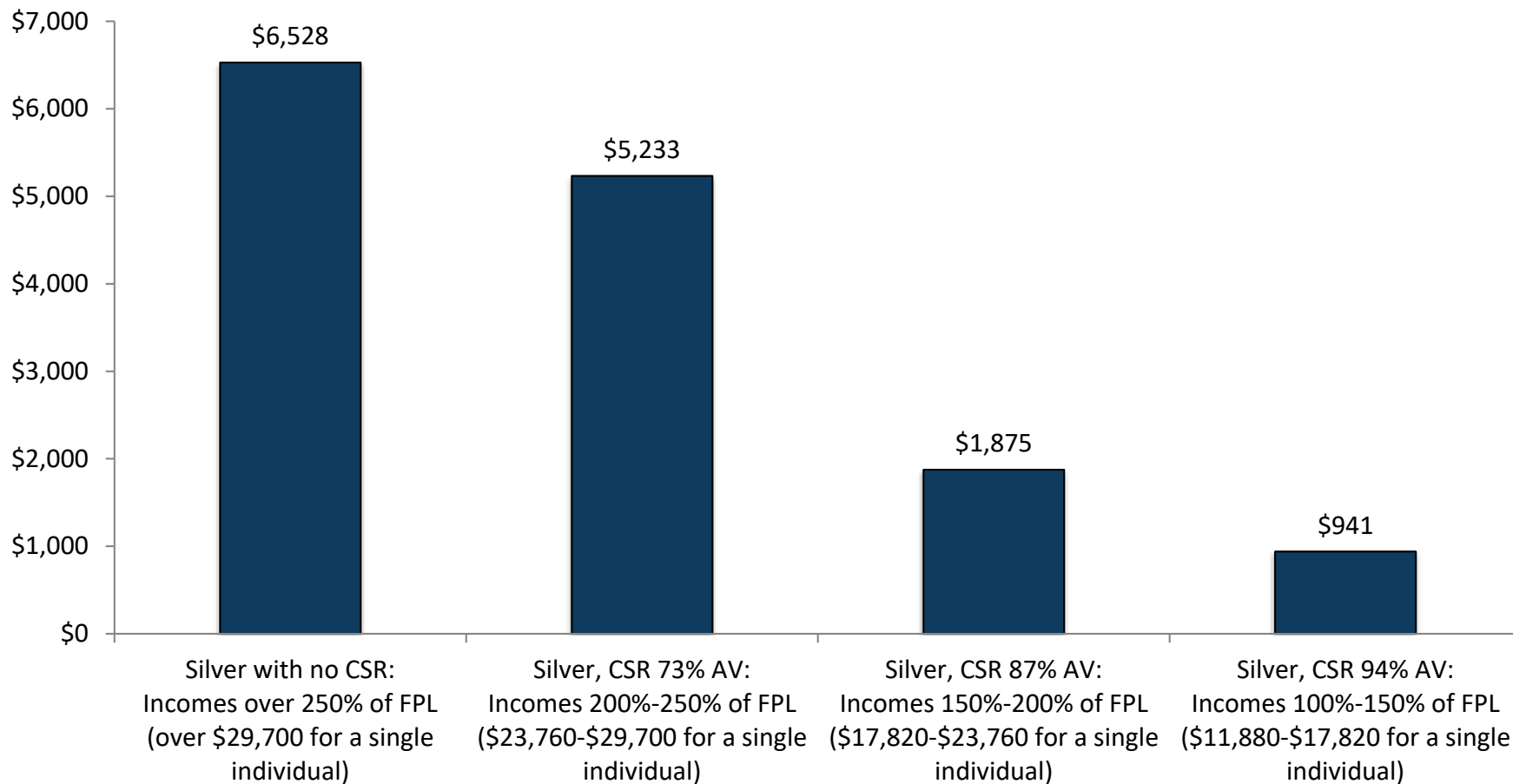
Average Medical Deductible In Plans with Separate Medical and Prescription Drug Deductibles (2017)



SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of Marketplace plans in the 39 states with Federally Facilitated or Partnership exchanges in 2017 (including Arkansas, New Mexico, Oregon, Kentucky and Nevada). Data are from Healthcare.gov. Health plan information for individuals and families available here: <https://www.healthcare.gov/health-plan-information-2017/>. FPL refers to Federal Poverty Level. CSR refers to Cost-Sharing Reduction. AV refers to Actuarial Value. Income cut-offs are poverty thresholds for a household of one.

Figure 6

Average Out-Of-Pocket Limit In Plans with Combined Limit for Medical and Prescription Drug Cost Sharing (2017)



SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of Marketplace plans in the 39 states with Federally Facilitated or Partnership exchanges in 2017 (including Arkansas, New Mexico, Oregon, Kentucky and Nevada). Data are from Healthcare.gov. Health plan information for individuals and families available here: <https://www.healthcare.gov/health-plan-information-2017/>. FPL refers to Federal Poverty Level. CSR refers to Cost-Sharing Reduction. AV refers to Actuarial Value. Income cut-offs are poverty thresholds for a household of one.